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OM nucleic - nucleic search, using sw model

Run on: April 17, 2002, 01:23:59 ; Search time 86.97 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
2601.489 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-439-311-1

Perfect score: 999

Sequence: 1 attacacacaaatgttgagc.....ttaaaatgatgttagat 999

Scoring table: IDENTITY\_NUC

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 1.0

Searched: 351203 seqs, 11328999 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 515962

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 60

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%  
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : Issued\_Patents\_NA:\*

- 1: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/ina/5A\_COMB.seq:\*
- 2: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/ina/5B\_COMB.seq:\*
- 3: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/ina/5A\_COMB.seq:\*
- 4: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/ina/5B\_COMB.seq:\*
- 5: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/ina/PTCUS\_COMB.seq:\*
- 6: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/ina/backfiles1.seq:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
C 1	26.8	2.7	30	4	US-09-358-972-102
C 2	26.8	2.7	30	4	US-09-358-972-103
C 3	26.8	2.7	30	4	US-09-406-147-32
C 4	26.8	2.7	30	4	US-09-406-147-34
C 5	20.8	2.1	24	1	US-08-587-209-6
C 6	20.8	2.1	24	1	US-08-689-236-6
C 7	20.8	2.1	24	1	US-08-689-236-6
C 8	20.8	2.1	24	1	US-08-692-725-6
C 9	20.8	2.1	24	1	US-08-692-725-6
C 10	20.8	2.1	58	2	US-08-431-527A-7
C 11	20.8	2.1	58	2	US-09-214-278-30
C 12	20.6	2.1	52	3	US-08-886-967-3
C 13	20.6	2.1	52	3	US-09-306-949-3
C 14	20	2.0	39	3	US-08-874-825-118
C 15	20	2.0	39	3	US-08-450-9058-7
C 16	20	2.0	50	3	US-07-982-759F-7
C 17	20	2.0	57	1	US-08-141-892A-4
C 18	20	2.0	57	1	US-08-583-447A-4
C 19	20	2.0	57	2	US-08-467-920-4
C 20	20	2.0	57	3	US-08-635-930-4
C 21	20	2.0	57	3	US-09-193-997-4
C 22	20	2.0	57	3	US-09-138-237A-4
C 23	20	2.0	60	1	US-08-478-370-4
C 24	19.6	2.0	43	1	US-07-959-946-12
C 25	19.6	2.0	43	1	US-08-333-577-12
C 26	19.6	2.0	43	5	PCR-US92-08634-12
C 27	19.6	2.0	58	1	US-08-105-483-174

C 28	19.6	2.0	58	1	US-08-709-209-174
C 29	19.6	2.0	58	1	US-08-303-275-62
C 30	19.6	2.0	58	1	US-08-458-101-174
C 31	19.6	2.0	60	1	US-07-670-236-19
C 32	19.6	2.0	60	1	US-08-093-781-20
C 33	19.6	2.0	60	3	US-08-963-602-2
C 34	19.4	1.9	37	2	US-08-403-853-8
C 35	19.4	1.9	60	1	US-08-487-890A-127
C 36	19.4	1.9	60	2	US-08-478-435-127
C 37	19.4	1.9	60	2	US-08-337-483-127
C 38	19.4	1.9	60	2	US-08-478-373-127
C 39	19.4	1.9	60	3	US-08-478-671-127
C 40	19.4	1.9	60	3	US-08-483-577A-127
C 41	19.4	1.9	60	4	US-08-897-438-127
C 42	19.2	1.9	58	2	US-08-431-527A-6
C 43	19.2	1.9	60	1	US-07-609-716-72
C 44	19.2	1.9	60	3	US-08-475-411A-72
C 45	19.2	1.9	60	4	US-08-478-029A-72

#### ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
US-09-358-972-102/c  
; Sequence 102, Application US/09358972  
; Patent No. 6235480  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Shultz, John W.  
; APPLICANT: Lewis, Martin K.  
; APPLICANT: Lieppe, Donna  
; APPLICANT: Mandrekar, Michelle  
; APPLICANT: Kephart, Daniel  
; APPLICANT: Rhodes, Richard B.  
; APPLICANT: Andrews, Christine A.  
; APPLICANT: Hartnett, James R.  
; APPLICANT: Gu, Trent  
; APPLICANT: Olson, Ryan J.  
; APPLICANT: Wood, Keith W.  
; APPLICANT: Welch, Roy  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Nucleic Acid Detection  
; FILE REFERENCE: Pro-103 6868/75528  
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/358.972  
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-07-22  
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/252,436  
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1999-02-18  
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/042,287  
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1998-03-13  
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 290  
; SOFTWARE: Patentin Ver. 2.0  
; SEQ ID NO 102  
; LENGTH: 30  
; TYPE: DNA  
; ORGANISM: Campylobacter jejuni  
; FEATURE:  
; OTHER INFORMATION: probe to Campylobacter jejuni  
US-09-358-972-102

Query Match 2.7%; Score 26.8; DB 4; Length 30;  
Best Local Similarity 93.3%; Pred. No. 82;  
Matches 28; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 289 caagatggtcgaagcttaaaacagaact 318  
||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||  
DB 30 CAAGATGCACAAAGTTTAAACACAGAAGACT 1

RESULT 2  
US-09-358-972-103  
; Sequence 103, Application US/09358972  
; Patent No. 6235480  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:

QY 91 ggtcttagaataactccgcagca 114  
 |||||  
 Db 24 GGTCTTAGAATTAACTCAGCAGCA 1

## RESULT 13

AAV25942/C  
 ID AAV25942 standard; DNA: 24 BP.

XX  
 AC AAV25942;

XX  
 DT 15-JUL-1998 (first entry)

XX  
 DE Oligonucleotide PCR primer CFOAR gene.

XX  
 KW Sequence-specific; probe: enterohaemorrhagic; Escherichia coli;  
 KW Salmonella; Campylobacter; Shigella; Yersinia; beta-globin;  
 KW gastroenteritis; PCR primer; ss.

XX  
 OS Synthetic.

OS  
 Campylobacter sp.

XX  
 PN US5753444-A.

XX  
 PD 19-MAY-1998.

XX  
 PF 07-AUG-1996; 96US-0689235.

XX  
 PR 16-JAN-1996; 96US-0587209.

PR  
 07-AUG-1996; 96US-0689235.

XX  
 PA (GULL-) GULL LAB INC.

XX  
 PI Coombs J, Glass MJ, Malmstrom SL, Wu L;

XX  
 WPI; 1998-311393/27.

XX  
 PT Distinguishing between similar nucleic acid samples - using  
 PT sequence-specific probes e.g. between enterohaemorrhagic and normal  
 PT Escherichia coli

XX  
 PS Example 3; Column 17; 21pp; English.

CC The present sequence represents a PCR primer used in an example of the  
 CC present invention. The present invention describes a method for  
 CC detecting mismatches between first and second nucleic acid sequences  
 CC having at least one base difference. The method comprises: (a) obtaining  
 CC at least one labelled probe consisting of an oligonucleotide sequence  
 CC spanning the location of at least one base difference between the first  
 CC and second sequences, where the oligonucleotide sequence contains at  
 CC least one neutral base molecule in a position other than the position of  
 CC the base difference(s) but is otherwise exactly complementary to the  
 CC first sequence, so that the probe hybridises more weakly with the second  
 CC sequence than with the first sequence; (b) mixing the probe(s) with the  
 CC first and second sequences under hybridisation conditions; (c)  
 CC dissociating any probe/second sequence hybrids; and (d) detecting  
 CC probe/first sequence hybrids. The method can be used to distinguish  
 CC between similar DNA/RNA sequences in a sample, especially to distinguish  
 CC enterohaemorrhagic E. coli O157:H7 from other E. coli strains e.g. in  
 CC stool samples from people suffering from gastroenteritis, caused  
 CC specifically by enterohaemorrhagic E. coli. Use of the method shortens  
 CC the time between sample preparation to obtaining results, than has been  
 CC possible with previous similar procedures.

XX  
 SQ Sequence 24 BP; 6 A; 5 C; 5 G; 8 T; 0 other;

## Query Match

Best Local Similarity 2.1%; Score 20.8; DB 19; Length 24;

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 91 ggtcttagaataactccgcagca 114

Db 24 GGTCTTAGAATTAACTCAGCAGCA 1  
 |||||

## RESULT 14

AAV20847/C

ID AAV20847 standard; DNA: 24 BP.

XX  
 AC AAV20847;

XX  
 DT 01-JUL-1998 (first entry)

XX  
 DE Campylobacter CFOAR gene PCR primer.

XX  
 KW Escherichia coli strain O157:H7; detection; microorganism; infection;  
 KW enterohaemorrhagic; PCR primer; ss.

XX  
 OS Synthetic.

OS  
 Campylobacter sp.

XX  
 PN US5738995-A.

XX  
 PD 14-APR-1998.

XX  
 PF 07-AUG-1996; 96US-0689236.

XX  
 PR 16-JAN-1996; 96US-0587209.

PR  
 07-AUG-1996; 96US-0689236.

XX  
 PA (GULL-) GULL LAB INC.

XX  
 PI Coombs J, Glass MJ, Malmstrom SL, Wu L;

XX  
 WPI; 1998-260031/23.

XX  
 PT Probes for detecting Escherichia coli strain O157:H7 - useful for  
 PT diagnosis of enterohaemorrhagic Escherichia coli infection(s)

XX  
 PS Example 3; Column 17; 21pp; English.

CC The present sequence represents a PCR primer used in an example of the  
 CC present invention. The present invention describes probes used in the  
 CC detection of Escherichia coli strain O157:H7 in a sample. The method of  
 CC detection comprises: (a) obtaining at least 1 probe specifically given  
 CC in the specification, labelled with a label that permits probe detection  
 CC when hybridised to a complementary nucleic acid sequence which is  
 CC specific for a nucleic acid sequence of the microorganism; (b)  
 CC hybridising the probes and the sample, and (c) detecting hybrids  
 CC comprising the probes and the nucleic acid sequences. The method and  
 CC probes may be used for diagnosis of enterohaemorrhagic E. coli  
 CC infections. The methods and the materials permit the detection and  
 CC discrimination of multiple analytes.

XX  
 SQ Sequence 24 BP; 6 A; 5 C; 5 G; 8 T; 0 other;

## Query Match

Best Local Similarity 2.1%; Score 20.8; DB 19; Length 24;

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 91 ggtcttagaataactccgcagca 114  
 |||||

Db 24 GGTCTTAGAATTAACTCAGCAGCA 1

## RESULT 15

AAF16711

ID AAF16711 standard; DNA: 44 BP.

XX  
 AC AAF16711;

XX  
 DT 09-MAR-2001 (first entry)

OS Campylobacter coli.  
XX  
XX WO200027205-A1.  
XX  
XX 18-MAY-2000.  
XX  
XX 12-NOV-1999; 99WO-US27195.  
XX  
XX 12-NOV-1998; 98US-0108114.  
XX  
XX (USAT ) US SEC.  
PA  
XX Guerry P, Trust T, Burg E, Lee L;  
PI  
XX WPI; 2000-376214/32.  
XX  
XX Campylobacter FlaA protein and coding sequence, useful in reducing  
PT Campylobacter intestinal colonization  
PT  
XX Disclosure; Page 7; 43pp; English.  
XX  
XX The flaA gene encodes the major flagellin subunit of the Campylobacter  
CC coli flagellar filament. Part of the flaA polypeptide may be fused with  
CC the maltose binding protein of Escherichia coli to make a recombinant  
CC protein. When this protein is introduced into a host an immunological  
CC response is triggered. Therefore the recombinant protein may be used as  
CC a vaccine to protect against C. coli intestinal colonization and the  
CC diarrhoea it causes. This vaccine system is useful as it can  
CC prevent the development of Guillain-Barre syndrome (GBS) which is seen  
CC with whole cell Campylobacter vaccines. The present sequence is the  
CC flaA-11 PCR primer that was used to amplify part of the flaA gene.  
XX  
XX Sequence 27 BP; 12 A; 6 C; 3 G; 6 T; 0 Other;  
SO

Query Match 2.1%; Score 21; DB 21; Length 27;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.1e+04;  
Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps

QY 1 attaacacaaatgttcagca 21  
|||||  
DB 7 attaacacaaatgttcagca 27

RESULT 10  
AAA27149/c  
ID AAA27149 standard; DNA; 33 BP.  
XX  
XX AAA27149;  
XX  
XX 11-SEP-2000 (first entry)  
DT  
XX  
XX Campylobacter coli flaA gene primer flaA-2.  
DE  
XX  
XX Flagellin; flaA; diarrhoea; Guillain-Barre syndrome;  
KW vaccine; GBS; PCR primer; ss.  
XX  
XX Campylobacter coli.  
OS  
XX WO200027205-A1.  
PN  
XX  
XX 18-MAY-2000.  
PD  
XX  
XX 12-NOV-1999; 99WO-US27195.  
PF  
XX  
XX 12-NOV-1998; 98US-0108114.  
PR  
XX  
XX (USAT ) US SEC.  
PA  
XX Guerry P, Trust T, Burg E, Lee L;  
PI  
XX WPI; 2000-376214/32.  
XX  
XX